OKLAHOMA LAW ON GROUNDWATER ALLOCATION

Maximum Annual Yield, Equal Proportionate Share & Senate Bill 288
 Allocation system tied to land ownership (acres)

 Replaced appropriation first-in-time priority system

 Owners of land overlying same common basin are similarly situated

 Hydrologic surveys and investigations for each “groundwater basin”

 Determine MAY, then issue “regular” permits to allocate Equal Proportionate Share of MAY
1) Hydrologic survey and investigation
   ▪ Completing 5-year study for Arbuckle-Simpson
   ▪ Informal meeting today to summarize results

2) OWRB makes tentative determination of MAY

3) Call and hold hearing at centrally located place

4) Evidence in support or opposition to tentative MAY

5) Final determination of MAY
Determining Tentative MAY - typical elements

- Total land area overlying basin (acres)
- Amount of water in storage (acre-feet)
- Rate of recharge to basin and total discharge from basin
- Transmissibility (transmissivity)
- Possibility of pollution of basin from natural sources (deep brine water not included)
- Minimum basin life of 20 years
“Sensitive sole source groundwater basin”

Moratorium against out-of-basin use until OWRB approves MAY to ensure any permit “will not reduce the natural flow of water” from basin area springs or streams.

Narrower permit focus of SB 288 to protect SSSGWB springs and streams – not likely to degrade or interfere with springs or streams.